SaaS Cost Optimization Checklist

This checklist provides a systematic, three-step action plan to gain visibility, eliminate waste, and establish control over your Software as a Service (SaaS) expenditures.

Step 1: Gain Visibility and Audit (Discovery & Data) Centralize Financial Records: Review all expense reports, Accounts Payable records, and credit card statements from the last 12 months to capture recurring SaaS costs. Compile Complete SaaS Inventory Log: Document the Vendor Name, Total Contract Value, Renewal Date, Licenses Purchased, and Technical Owner for every single tool. Identify & Log "Shadow IT": Find all unapproved applications purchased outside of official channels (often via expensed credit cards) and log them for review. Extract User Activity Data: Pull login/activity logs from vendor dashboards or APIs to determine the number of Active Users for all major applications. Calculate License Utilization Rate: Determine the rate for each application using the formula: Active Users / Licenses Purchased. Flag any app below 50% utilization as potential waste. **Step 2: Rationalize and Rightsize (Eliminate Waste)** Apply "Retain, Retire, or Replace" Framework: Assign a final status to every tool based on its Business Value and Utilization Rate. Target and Retire Redundant Apps: Identify and decommission tools with overlapping functionality (e.g., duplicate project management or cloud storage apps).

De-provision Inactive Users: Reclaim unused seats from all users

Downgrade Subscription Tiers: Reduce high-cost licenses ("Pro,"

"Enterprise") to a lower tier if features are unused, ensuring the tier

inactive for 90+ days (including former employees).

matches actual utilization.

	Adjust Licenses by Role: Ensure premium licenses are only assigned to power users who genuinely require the advanced features.
	Implement Automated De-provisioning: Set a policy to automatically remove users from licenses after 60 days of inactivity to prevent future shelfware.
Step 3: Optimize Procurement and Govern (Control Future Spend)	
	Consolidate Billing/Monetization Stack: Evaluate the high spend on fragmented billing, subscription, tax, and dunning tools.
	Replace these separate contracts with an all-in-one full-service Merchant of Record (MoR) platform to eliminate sprawl and associated fees.
	Institute Central Procurement Policy: Mandate approval from a central finance or procurement team for all new SaaS purchases and renewals over a set financial threshold.
	Set Renewal Alert Calendar: Schedule alerts for 90, 60, and 30 days before contract expiration to prevent costly auto-renewal.
	Begin Renewal Negotiations Early: Start conversations 90 days out, leveraging your internal low utilization data to demand better pricing or reduced seat counts.
	Negotiate "Right-to-Reduce" Clause: Secure the ability to decrease your committed seat count during the contract term if your user base declines.
	Assign Financial & Functional Owners: Designate one person accountable for the usage, budget, and renewal management of each major application.
	Define Standardized Tool List: Publish a list of approved software for common business functions (e.g., CRM, Project Management) to stop future Shadow IT purchases.